

Media, PA — Today, Congressman Joe Sestak (PA-07) spoke with over 40 residents of the Glen Riddle Senior Home. As the economy enters its second year of recession, Congressman Sestak addressed issues pertaining to the economic stimulus, social security pensions, and the economic climate at large.

The staff of Glen Riddle Senior Home provides assisted living services to its members and dedicates its time to make the quality of life for each of its residents the very best. On occasion, this means spending some extra time with a resident to look at family photographs, propping up a pillow, or reading a passage from a favorite novel. The staff believes that “these kinds of little things . . . make our residents feel right at home.”

Congressman Joe Sestak shares the Glen Riddle Senior Home’s passion for assisting elders. Last session, the Congressman’s legislation, the Elder Abuse Victims Act, was the first House hearing on elder abuse and the first legislation on the subject to pass the House of Representatives in 17 years. By providing increased funding for more effective law enforcement and prosecution of elder abuse, the bill aims to reduce the increasing rate of physical, emotional and financial harm, neglect and exploitation of the elderly, while ensuring that perpetrators are properly punished.

The National Research Council panel appointed to review the risk and prevalence of elder abuse estimates that between one and two million Americans age 65 or older have been victims of elder abuse; however this statistic is uncertain because definitions of elder abuse vary widely from state-to-state, and there are many imperfections in our national effort to adequately prevent, prosecute, and rehabilitate victims of this type of abuse. This bill identifies and addresses those imperfections.

“We have a moral responsibility to address this alarming situation,” said Congressman Sestak. “I have been struck by the horror stories I have heard while traveling in my District, including one case of a man with Alzheimer’s who was beaten with a belt buckle. The more than \$30 million authorized in that bill will assist in identifying the extent of this problem nationwide and ensure that the necessary programs are created and supported to combat it.”

“The importance of this bill relates to its emphasis on enhancing the capacities to prosecute cases of elder abuse, which needs to be recognized for what it is — a crime against the person and the property of an elderly person,” said Bob Blancato, National Coordinator of the non-partisan 564-member Elder Justice Coalition. Mr. Blancato hailed last year’s vote as “the most significant vote specifically on elder justice ever taken in the House.”

One key provision of the legislation funds a comprehensive report to be completed during the next two years, which will include: a study of the laws and practices relating to elder abuse, neglect, and exploitation; a proposed plan that explains objectives, priorities, policies and long-term plans for elder justice programs; and activities relating to prevention, detection, intervention, treatment, training, evaluation, and improvement of the elder justice system in the United States.

In addition, the bill institutes Victims Advocacy Grants to establish pilot programs on elder abuse for health care providers, employees of social and protective services, law enforcement personnel, fiduciaries, judges, court staff, and victim advocates. Other grants will be disbursed to local and state prosecutors and courts, as well as law enforcement personnel for training, technical assistance, policy development, and multidisciplinary coordination. Finally, this legislation creates Emergency Crisis Response Teams to offer victims immediate, short-term emergency services, including, but not limited to shelter, food, clothing, transportation, mental health screenings, legal services and job placement assistance.

*Born and raised in Delaware County, former 3-star Admiral Joe Sestak served in the Navy for 31 years and now serves as the Representative from the 7th District of Pennsylvania. He led a series of operational commands at sea, including Commander of an aircraft carrier battle group of 30 U.S. and allied ships with over 15,000 sailors and 100 aircraft that conducted operations in Afghanistan and Iraq. After 9/11, Joe was the first Director of "Deep Blue," the Navy's anti-terrorism unit that established strategic and operations policies for the "Global War on Terrorism." He served as President Clinton's Director for Defense Policy at the National Security Council in the White House, and holds a Ph.D. in Political Economy and Government from Harvard University. According to the office of the House Historian, Joe is the highest-ranking former military officer ever elected to the Congress.*

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